NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
ROYAL DUTCH SHELL PLC

Circustheater, Circustraat 4,
2586 CW The Hague, The Netherlands
Tuesday May 23, 2017 at 10:00 (Dutch time)

THIS DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION
If you are in any doubt about what action to take, you should seek your own personal advice immediately from a financial adviser authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 if you are in the UK or, if you are not, from another appropriately authorised financial adviser. If you have sold or transferred all your shares in Royal Dutch Shell plc (the “Company”), please give this document and the accompanying documents to the stockbroker or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser.

Royal Dutch Shell plc
AVAILABILITY OF DOCUMENTS

The Company’s Annual Report and Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2016 can be found at www.shell.com/annualreport. The 2017 Notice of Annual General Meeting can be found at www.shell.com/agm.

If you would like to obtain, free of charge, a paper copy of any of these documents, please contact one of the following:

United Kingdom  +44 (0)121 415 7073
USA +1 888 301 0504

E-COMMUNICATION

If you are a registered shareholder and hold your shares in your own name, or you hold your shares in the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee, you can choose to view shareholder communications (for example, the Company’s Annual Report) by means of our website instead of receiving paper communications. If you opt for website communications and provide us with your email address by registering online at www.shareview.co.uk/clients/shell, you will be sent a notification by email whenever such shareholder communications are added to our website, or in the absence of an email address you will be sent a notification by post. If you choose to view shareholder communications by means of our website, you may change your mind at any time or obtain, free of charge, a copy of the communication in paper form, by contacting our Registrar at the address below.

EQUINITI
Aspect House
Spencer Road
Lancing
West Sussex BN99 6DA
United Kingdom
0800 169 1679 (UK)
+44 (0)121 415 7073

ROYAL DUTCH SHELL PLC
Registered in England and Wales, Company number 4366849
Registered office: Shell Centre, London, SE1 7NA, United Kingdom
Headquarters: Carel van Bylandtlaan 30, 2596 HR The Hague, The Netherlands
Registered with the Dutch Trade Register under number 34179503
Dear Shareholder,

I am pleased to invite you to the Company’s Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) which will be held at the Circus Theather, Circusstraat 4, 2586 CW The Hague, The Netherlands on Tuesday May 23, 2017.

As last year, we have separately arranged a presentation in London two days after the AGM. The presentation is not part of the AGM; it is a separate meeting and while all shareholders are invited to attend, it may be of particular interest to UK resident shareholders who wish to hear about the Company’s progress and ask questions in person. I will be present, along with Ben van Beurden, Chief Executive Officer, Jessica Uhl, our recently appointed Chief Financial Officer and Linda Szymanski, our Company Secretary.

BUSINESS OF THE AGM

The business to be conducted at the AGM is set out in this Notice with explanatory notes concerning each of the resolutions. The business is mainly of a routine nature for a listed company and your Board recommends that you vote in favour of Resolutions 1 to 20. However, we have received a shareholder resolution pursuant to Section 338 of the Companies Act 2006 and your Board recommends that you vote against this resolution (Resolution 21) for the reasons set out on pages 7 and 8.

The AGM will be conducted in English although there will be Dutch translation facilities available.

DIRECTORS

In line with the UK Corporate Governance Code, all Directors will retire at the 2017 AGM and seek reappointment by shareholders, except for Simon Henry who stands down as a Director of the Company on March 9, 2017 and Patricia Woertz who stands down as a Director of the Company at the close of business of the AGM. Simon Henry has been with Shell for over 30 years and was appointed Chief Financial Officer of the Company in May 2009, responsible for strategy, planning and information technology, as well as the Company’s financial activities. He has served the Company with distinction and I would like to thank him for his enormous contribution to Shell. Simon is succeeded by Jessica Uhl who seeks reappointment as a Director of the Company at the AGM. Patricia Woertz, appointed a Non-executive Director of the Company in 2014, has notified the Company of her intention to retire and not seek reappointment at the AGM and I would like to take this opportunity to thank her for her commitment and valuable contribution to the Board, the Corporate and Social Responsibility Committee and the Remuneration Committee over the last three years.

Shareholders will also be asked to vote on the appointment of Catherine Hughes and Roberto Setubal as Directors of the Company with effect from June 1, 2017 and October 1, 2017 respectively. We are delighted that two such distinguished international business leaders have agreed to join us and I believe they will bring valuable experience to our Board.

I believe that each of the appointments and reappointments proposed in Resolutions 4 to 15 are in the best interests of the Company. The biographical details of each Director are given on pages 11 to 14 and I hope you will vote in support of these resolutions.

QUESTION AND ANSWER SESSION

The AGM provides an opportunity for you to ask questions about the business set out in this Notice and to raise other matters about the business of the Company. As Chair of the AGM, I will endeavour to ensure that discussions are kept relevant and that as many shareholders as possible have the opportunity to speak.

VOTING

All resolutions for consideration at the AGM will be decided on a poll rather than a show of hands. This means that a shareholder has one vote for every share held. If you are not able to come to the AGM in person, I would urge you to vote by following the guidance notes on pages 15 to 17.

Yours faithfully,

Chad Holliday
Chair
March 8, 2017

Further details can be found on page 19.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Royal Dutch Shell plc (the "Company") will be held at the Circus theater, Circusstraat 4, 2586 CW The Hague, The Netherlands at 10:00 (Dutch time) on Tuesday May 23, 2017, for the purposes of considering the following business.

Resolutions numbered 1 to 18 are being proposed as ordinary resolutions and those numbered 19 to 21 are being proposed as special resolutions. For ordinary resolutions to be passed, more than half of the votes cast must be in favour of the resolution, while in the case of special resolutions at least three-quarters of the votes cast must be in favour.

RESOLUTION 1
That the Company’s annual accounts for the financial year ended December 31, 2016, together with the Directors’ report and the Auditor’s report on those accounts, be received.

RESOLUTION 2
That the Directors’ Remuneration Policy, set out on pages 96 to 103 of the Directors’ Remuneration Report, be approved.

RESOLUTION 3
That the Directors’ Remuneration Report, excluding the Directors’ Remuneration Policy set out on pages 96 to 103 of the Directors’ Remuneration Report, for the year ended December 31, 2016, be approved.

RESOLUTION 4
That Catherine Hughes be appointed as a Director of the Company with effect from June 1, 2017.

RESOLUTION 5
That Roberto Setubal be appointed as a Director of the Company with effect from October 1, 2017.

RESOLUTION 6
That Ben van Beurden be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 7
That Guy Elliott be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 8
That Euleen Goh be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 9
That Charles O. Holliday be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 10
That Gerard Kleisterlee be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 11
That Sir Nigel Sheinwald be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 12
That Linda G. Stuntz be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 13
That Jessica Uhl be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 14
That Hans Wijers be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 15
That Gerrit Zalm be reappointed as a Director of the Company.

RESOLUTION 16
That Ernst & Young LLP be reappointed as Auditor of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

RESOLUTION 17
That the Audit Committee of the Board be authorised to determine the remuneration of the Auditor for 2017.

RESOLUTION 18
That the Board be generally and unconditionally authorised, in substitution for all subsisting authorities, to allot shares in the Company, and to grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into shares in the Company, up to an aggregate nominal amount of €190 million, and to list such shares or rights on any stock exchange, such authorities to apply until the earlier of the close of business on August 23, 2018, and the end of the next AGM of the Company (unless previously renewed, revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting) but, in each case, during this period the Company may make offers and enter into agreements which would, or might, require shares to be allotted or rights to subscribe for or to convert securities into shares to be granted after the authority ends and the Board may allot shares or grant rights to subscribe for or to convert securities into shares under any such offer or agreement as if the authority had not ended.

RESOLUTION 19
That if Resolution 18 is passed, the Board be given power to allot equity securities (as defined in the Companies Act 2006) for cash under the authority given by that resolution and/or to sell ordinary shares held by the Company as treasury shares for cash as if section 561 of the Companies Act 2006 did not apply to any such allotment or sale, such power to be limited:

(A) to the allotment of equity securities and sale of treasury shares for cash in connection with an offer of, or invitation to apply for, equity securities:

(I) to ordinary shareholders in proportion (as nearly as may be practicable) to their existing holdings, and
(ii) to holders of other equity securities, as required by the rights of those securities or, as the Board otherwise considers necessary,

and so that the Board may impose any limits or restrictions and make any arrangements which it considers necessary or appropriate to deal with treasury shares, fractional entitlements, record dates, or legal or practical problems arising in any overseas territory, the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange or any other matter whatsoever; and

(B) to the allotment of equity securities or sale of treasury shares (otherwise than under paragraph [A] above) up to a nominal amount of €28 million,

such power to apply until the earlier of the close of business on August 23, 2018, and the end of the next AGM of the Company but, in each case, prior to its expiry, the Company may make offers, and enter into agreements, which would, or might, require equity securities to be allotted (and treasury shares to be sold) after the power expires and the Board may allot equity securities (and sell treasury shares) under any such offer or agreement as if the power had not expired.

**RESOLUTION 20**

That the Company be authorised for the purposes of Section 701 of the Companies Act 2006 to make one or more market purchases (as defined in Section 693(4) of the Companies Act 2006) of its ordinary shares of €0.07 each (“ordinary shares”), such authority to be limited:

(A) to a maximum number of 817 million ordinary shares;

(B) by the condition that the minimum price which may be paid for an ordinary share is €0.07 and the maximum price which may be paid for an ordinary share is the higher of:

(i) an amount equal to 5% above the average market value of an ordinary share for the five business days immediately preceding the day on which that ordinary share is contracted to be purchased; and

(ii) the higher of the price of the last independent trade and the highest current independent bid on the trading venues where the purchase is carried out,

in each case, exclusive of expenses;

such authority to apply until the earlier of the close of business on August 23, 2018, and the end of the next AGM of the Company but in each case so that the Company may enter into a contract to purchase ordinary shares which will or may be completed or executed wholly or partly after the authority ends and the Company may purchase ordinary shares pursuant to any such contract as if the authority had not ended.

**RESOLUTION 21 – SHAREHOLDER RESOLUTION**

The Company has received notice pursuant to the UK Companies Act 2006 of the intention to move the resolution set forth on page 6 and incorporated herein by way of reference at the Company’s 2017 AGM. The resolution has been requisitioned by a group of shareholders and should be read together with their statement in support of their proposed resolution, also set forth on page 6, as it provides more detail on the breadth of actions such resolution would require of the Company.

Your Directors consider that Resolution 21 is not in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole and unanimously recommend that you vote against Resolution 21 given its detrimental impact on the Company as fully explained on pages 7 and 8.

By order of the Board

Linda M. Szymanski
Company Secretary
March 8, 2017
Shareholder resolution
Shareholders support Shell to take leadership in the energy transition to a net-zero-emission energy system. Therefore, shareholders request Shell to set and publish targets for reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions that are aligned with the goal of the Paris Climate Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C.

These GHG emission reduction targets need to cover Shell’s operations as well as the usage of its products (scope 1, 2, and 3), they need to include medium-term (2030) and long-term (2050) deadlines, and they need to be company-wide, quantitative, and reviewed regularly.

Shareholders request that annual reporting include further information about plans and progress to achieve these targets.

Supporting Statement
This shareholder resolution is intended to express shareholder support for a course towards a net-zero-emission energy system. The why of a course towards a net-zero-emission energy system is clear: increasing costs of the extraction of fossil fuels, decreasing costs of generating renewable energy, and the global political pledge to stop global warming. The how and the what are up to the management of Shell. It is up to them to set GHG emission reduction targets and to develop activities to attain these targets. This supporting statement serves to offer rationale, elaborate on transparency, and recommend metrics to align these targets with the Paris Climate Agreement.

Context
- In Paris, in December 2015, during the twenty-first Conference of the Parties (COP21), representatives of 195 countries reaffirmed the goal of limiting global temperature increase to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and agreed to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels. COP21 also agreed to aim for a global net-zero-emission energy system.
- In May 2015, by means of a shareholder resolution submitted by the Aiming for A investor coalition, shareholders directed that annual reporting will include information relating to climate change, such as emissions management, asset portfolio resilience, and investment strategies. Setting further targets on scopes 1, 2, and 3 is the next step.
- Major institutional investors have announced that they will drastically cut the carbon footprint of their investment portfolios with the aim of reducing the climate risks in them.

Transparency
We the shareholders request that the company publish company-wide greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reduction targets according to the following 3 scopes:
- Scope 1: direct emissions from the facilities under Shell’s operational control or the equity boundary.
- Scope 2: indirect emissions from the facilities of others that provide electricity or heat and steam to Shell’s operations, and
- Scope 3: emissions that Shell estimates come from the use of Shell’s refinery products and natural gas products.

In order to align its emission reduction targets with a well-below-2°C pathway, we request the company to base these targets on tangible metrics such as the Intended Nationally Determined Contributions (INDCs), or to use any other metrics the company finds practical to align its targets with a well-below-2°C pathway. For example, the INDC of Europe calls for 40% emission reduction by 2030 and 80-95% by 2050, relative to 1990 levels. While the combined INDCs are not enough to get on a well-below-2°C pathway, these commitments may be “ratcheted” up. The company could use metrics of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) as well. For example, to limit global warming to well below 2°C, the IPCC estimates that 40-70% reduction in GHG emissions globally is needed by 2030, relative to 2010 levels. In the light of changing technological drive, scientific progress, and incrementally rising policy commitments, Shell should review its GHG emission reduction targets regularly.

Risks
If actions to get on a well-below-2°C pathway are taken too slowly, this may lead to abrupt adjustments, resulting in costly shocks. An orderly transition should start with the expression of clear medium- and long-term targets. We fully realize that these targets will be just dots on the horizon and that the road leading there has to be discovered, but the longer the company waits, the harder it will be to attain the well-below-2°C pathway and the more disruptive the transition will be.

The political pledge to limit climate change to well below 2°C, the resulting future legislation, and the decreasing costs of renewable energy add to the risk that capital expenditures in fossil fuel projects will become stranded assets.

Opportunities
Taking leadership in the global energy transition could increase the brand value of Shell. The company could distinguish itself from its competitors if customers knew that part of the profits from fossil fuels would be invested in energy sources that limit global warming.

Shell is accustomed to exploring for oil and gas resources. We encourage the company to explore new business models. Some investments will turn out to be profitable; some not, as is the case in the exploration for oil and gas. Shell’s financial results greatly depend on the price of oil. Diversification of the energy system could turn out to be an opportunity to decrease risks and create the cash engines of the future.

Support
We encourage Shell to show leadership by enhancing its capability to innovate and make use of potential opportunities in a transforming energy landscape over the coming decades. We would welcome further alignment between the company’s strategic positions vis-à-vis emerging energy technologies that stand to benefit from the energy transition. With its decades of experience and expertise as an innovator, its global reach, its financial capital, and its human capital, Shell is excellently positioned to make use of these developments by applying new technologies and setting up related business models. We encourage Shell to set targets that are inspirational for society, employees, and shareholders, allowing Shell to meet increasing demand for energy while reducing GHG emissions.

You have our support.
Your Directors consider that Resolution 21 is not in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole and unanimously recommend that you vote against it.

Shell welcomes and strongly supports the Paris Agreement, and supports the aspiration of transitioning towards a netzero emissions world by 2050. We will work together with governments and stakeholders towards meeting this aspiration and we commit to report on steps taken.

The transition is already underway and is being driven by many factors: emerging new technologies, economic growth, rising energy demand, local energy resources, national policies and efforts to address climate and environmental stresses. It will unfold over coming decades and will require concerted action by many, including Shell. It will feature both the evolution of established, and the development of new, components of the energy system. We see commercial opportunity through the transition and our strategy includes reducing our carbon intensity, over time. However, this resolution demonstrates fundamental misunderstanding of the necessary solutions to achieving the Paris goals. The resolution is unreasonable with regard to what the Company can be held accountable for and would be ineffective or even counterproductive for the following reasons:

1) The Company’s business strategy is resilient to the envisaged implementation of the Paris Agreement, which is now progressing through the Nationally Determined Contributions. For example, the increased use of natural gas in place of coal has contributed to the emissions reductions being seen in the USA and the UK and the emissions plateau in China. Natural gas now makes up over half of the Shell portfolio. At this stage, however, industry is still facing significant uncertainties as to how government policy and consumer behaviour will ultimately shape the evolution of the energy system and which technologies and business models will prevail. We believe we are unique in having a broader set of business options under technical and commercial development than any other company in our sector. We are pursuing these options with conviction and commercial realism. We are convinced we have all the required flexibility to adapt and remain relevant and successful, no matter how the energy transition will play out. We believe that by tying our hands in the early stages of this evolution, this resolution would weaken the Company and limit our flexibility to adapt.

2) We are already willing and able players in the energy transition in ways that are uniquely suited to our skills, reach and ambition – all with the ultimate objective of maintaining a sustainable business model. We aim to reduce the greenhouse gas intensity of our own operations over time. From this year we are making part of our remuneration conditional on managing greenhouse gas emissions. We test the robustness of our future assets by adopting a project screening value for carbon, even where an actual carbon pricing mechanism does not yet exist. We pursue at scale the development of low carbon energy products like bio fuels, hydrogen and renewable power. We work with governments to produce effective transition plans and policies. And in the near term the greatest contribution Shell can make is to continue to grow the role of natural gas. Encouraging energy users to switch from coal to gas in industry and power generation, is one important way of achieving this; growing the market for gas in transport and matching renewables with gas are others. These steps would also improve air quality, particularly in urban centres. We are pursuing at scale the development of new gas markets around the world. Putting limits on these business activities, which do indeed increase emissions by Shell and its customers but reduce emissions in the system overall, would be counterproductive.

3) To achieve a netzero emissions world requires the widespread transformation of the energy system. At the same time the demand for energy will increase dramatically due to growth in population and improvement in living standards in the developing world. This dual challenge will require unprecedented collaboration across society and acceptance of far-reaching government policy and regulation to decarbonise our economies and our lifestyles. It demands collective action across the energy system. To impose targets on a single supplier in this complex system does not only fail to address the actual challenge (as it will not reduce system emissions overall because customers will simply turn to alternative suppliers); it would also undermine our ability to play an active role in the transition and would hinder long-term value creation for the Company and its shareholders.

Supporting statements:
As part of the Paris Agreement, governments set out national plans (NDCs) to drive economy-wide action. The emissions resulting from energy consumers using Shell products (“Scope 3 emissions”) are for a large part covered by these NDCs. Putting into place emission reduction targets for Shell alone would most likely force the Company to cut production and sales of its products and put us at a competitive disadvantage. Unless overall consumption of hydrocarbons is reduced, unilaterally limiting their supply from a single company would merely result in another supplier filling the gap, achieving no reduction overall in CO2 emissions. More importantly, such unilateral targets would not bring the goals of the Paris Agreement on climate change any closer.

The Paris Agreement acknowledges that emissions will continue and even grow in different parts of the world and the global economy. It does not stipulate that emissions will fall in all sectors or countries simultaneously, or that all actors will reduce their emissions. What is important is that emissions fall overall. In the US for example, the remarkable growth of domestic gas production and its use in the power sector and industry was a key contributor to reducing CO2 emissions by 12% over the decade to 2015, while growing the economy by 1.5% [A] in real terms. Far from helping us support the Paris goals through the growth of our strong natural gas businesses, this resolution to set limits to the emissions of our gas customers would derail this strategy.

[continued overleaf]
Directors’ response Continued

We feel this resolution demonstrates a basic misunderstanding of the solutions necessary to meet the Paris goal. Shell supplies products in response to demand from consumers: drivers, home owners, small businesses, large industries, airlines and manufacturers, and many more. Constraining just one source of supply on which those consumers depend would not change demand. What’s needed are comprehensive government policies that create the certainty required to accelerate the necessary investment in low-carbon technologies and drive the shift in demand from high to lower carbon forms of energy. The most effective way to do so is to introduce economy-wide carbon pricing mechanisms and effective end-use regulation to drive changes in consumer behaviour. Only governments can set these necessary frameworks and we invite anyone to partner with us to achieve these policy aims.

Shell is a leading company voice in the energy and climate debate and intends to continue being a vocal advocate for progress. That’s why, for example, Shell is an active member of the Energy Transition Coalition in the Netherlands, contributing our energy system understanding to help national planning and to call for the economy-wide policies that can drive the necessary collective action by energy suppliers and consumers over coming decades. As we navigate this still uncertain post-Paris era we will continue to actively engage and listen to others in our aim to jointly develop workable solutions for society in the many countries in which we operate.

But we are not simply engaging in dialogue about these topics: we have been taking action for many years. Over the last decade we have put in place robust internal carbon management processes. We disclose assessments of our carbon risks and provide transparency on actions taken to reduce carbon risks. We invested billions of dollars in a range of low carbon technologies, including biofuels, carbon capture and storage, hydrogen and wind that will all be necessary to enable the transition. Moreover, we have recently set up a New Energies division, to better focus our efforts in the development of new technologies and business models and aim to make this a significant growth area for the future. As we work through the opportunities we aim to identify areas where Shell can operate – and create value for you our shareholders – at scale. Imposing absolute emission reduction targets, for our own assets or for the customers we serve, will not unlock more profitable investment in these new energies activities, and may well have the opposite effect.

Shell has a clear strategy, resilient in a 2°C world, which sets a clear and competitive path forward, participating alongside and in step with global efforts to create a low-carbon future. We will supply the goods, services and new technologies that will be needed throughout the transition. We know our long-term success in key countries depends on our ability to anticipate the types of energy that people will need in the future in a way that is both commercially competitive and environmentally sound. We will continue to invest in research and development; reducing and planning for further reduction of emissions from operations; continuously strengthening carbon management systems and reporting; searching for new business models to ensure we will remain resilient under a range of outlooks; lobbying for the right policies; and sharing our knowledge with decision makers and other participants in the energy system to support the transition to a low carbon future.

This resolution is not designed to mitigate risks and would remove our flexibility to adapt and grow through a period of change and uncertainty. It could prevent us from being a reliable technology and investment partner to governments as they attempt to meet their climate plans. It could disrupt the course of business or require imprudent use of Company resources and therefore harm the Company. It could weaken the position of financial strength from which to accelerate our own transition once the pathways and options are clearer, both technologically and commercially. Moreover, it would deny shareholders the dependable, competitive returns they look for as they seek to invest in the transition themselves.

11 To illustrate:

Supplying LNG to Pakistan, and based on that displacing liquid fuels used for power generation, increases Shell’s Scope 3 emissions, but reduces the emissions from power generation with a net saving of an estimated 2 mt CO₂ equivalents per annum per 1mt of LNG sold. Supplying 60 kt LNG per annum as a power source for two cruise ships, replacing liquid fuels, increases Shell’s Scope 3 emissions, but saves emissions of an estimated 48 kt CO₂ equivalents per annum.

14 To illustrate:

Basrah Gas Company, by gathering and processing gas otherwise flared by other producers, increases Shell’s Scope 1 and Scope 3 emissions, but reduces Scope 1 emissions from gas flaring by other producers by up to an estimated 10 mt CO₂ equivalents per annum.

NOTES TO RESOLUTIONS 1
Annual Report and Accounts
The Board of Directors will present the Company’s annual accounts for the financial year ended December 31, 2016, together with the Directors’ report and the Auditor’s report on those accounts.

NOTES TO RESOLUTIONS 2 AND 3
Consideration and approval of the Directors’ Remuneration Policy and Directors’ Remuneration Report
The current Directors’ Remuneration Policy was approved at the 2014 AGM and, in accordance with the relevant legislation, permitted the Company to make payments to the Directors consistent with the policy for a period of three years. It is now necessary to seek shareholder approval for the Directors’ Remuneration Policy for a further period of three years and Resolution 2, which is a binding vote, seeks such approval. The Board considers that the policy is appropriate to the Company’s circumstances and should receive shareholder support.

Resolution 3 is an advisory vote and seeks approval for the Directors’ Remuneration Report for the year ended December 31, 2016, excluding the Directors’ Remuneration Policy. Both are ordinary resolutions.

NOTES TO RESOLUTIONS 4 AND 5
Appointment of Directors
The Board has proposed the appointment of Catherine Hughes and Roberto Setubal as Directors of the Company with effect from June 1, 2017 and October 1, 2017, respectively. Their biographical details are given on page 11.

NOTES TO RESOLUTIONS 6 TO 15
Retirement and reappointment of Directors
In line with the UK Corporate Governance Code, all Directors will retire at the AGM and seek reappointment by shareholders, except for Simon Henry who stands down as a Director of the Company on March 9, 2017 and Patricia Woertz who stands down as a Director of the Company at the close of business of the AGM. The biographical details of those Directors seeking reappointment are given on pages 12 to 14.

Pursuant to the UK Corporate Governance Code, all Non-executive Directors have received performance evaluations and were considered to be effective in their roles and to be committed to making available the appropriate time for Board meetings and other duties.

The Board recommends that you support the reappointment of each of the retiring Directors standing for reappointment at the AGM.

NOTES TO RESOLUTIONS 16 AND 17
Reappointment of Auditor and determination of Auditor’s remuneration
The Company is required to appoint an Auditor for each financial year of the Company, to hold office until the conclusion of the next general meeting at which accounts are laid before the Company. Resolution 16 proposes the reappointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company’s Auditor and Resolution 17 seeks authority for the Audit Committee of the Board to determine their remuneration.

NOTES TO RESOLUTION 18
Authority to allot shares
This resolution would give the Directors the authority to allot ordinary shares or grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any securities into ordinary shares up to an aggregate nominal amount equal to €190 million (representing 2,714,285,714 ordinary shares of €0.07 each). This amount represents approximately one-third of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as at March 8, 2017, the latest practicable date prior to publication of this Notice. The Company does not hold any shares in treasury as at the date of this Notice.

This authority complies with the guidelines issued by institutional investors.

The Directors’ authority under this resolution will expire at the earlier of the close of business on August 23, 2018, and the end of the AGM of the Company to be held in 2018. The Directors have no present intention to exercise the authority sought under this resolution.

NOTE TO RESOLUTION 19
Disapplication of pre-emption rights
This resolution will be proposed as a special resolution, which requires at least three-quarters of the votes cast to be in favour. It would give the Directors the authority to allot ordinary shares (or sell any ordinary shares which the Company elects to hold in treasury) for cash without first offering them to existing shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholdings.

This authority would be, similar to previous years, limited to allotments or sales in connection with pre-emptive offers to ordinary shareholders and offers to holders of other equity securities, if required by the rights of those securities or as the Board otherwise considers necessary, or otherwise up to an aggregate nominal amount of €28 million (representing 400 million ordinary shares of €0.07 each). This aggregate nominal amount represents, in accordance with institutional investor guidelines, approximately 5% of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as at March 8, 2017, the latest practicable date prior to publication of this Notice. In respect of this aggregate nominal amount, the Directors confirm their intention to follow the provisions of the Pre-Emption Group’s Statement of Principles regarding cumulative usage of authorities within a rolling three-year period without prior consultation with shareholders.

The authority will expire at the earlier of the close of business on August 23, 2018, and the end of the AGM of the Company to be held in 2018. The Directors have no immediate plans to make use of this authority.
NOTE TO RESOLUTION 20
Renewal of authority to make market purchases of ordinary shares
This resolution will be proposed as a special resolution, which requires at least three-quarters of the votes cast to be in favour. Authority is sought for the Company to purchase up to 10% of its issued ordinary shares (excluding any treasury shares), renewing the authority granted by the shareholders at previous AGMs. The Board regards the ability to repurchase issued shares in suitable circumstances as an important part of the financial management of the Company.

The Directors confirm that they will exercise the ongoing buy-back authority only when, in the light of prevailing market conditions, they consider that such purchases would result in an increase in earnings per share and would be in the best interests of the shareholders generally. The Board is making no recommendation as to whether shareholders should sell their ordinary shares in the Company. The Company did not purchase any ordinary shares in the period from the last AGM to March 8, 2017, under the existing authority.

Ordinary shares purchased by the Company pursuant to this authority will either be cancelled or held in treasury. Treasury shares are shares in the Company which are owned by the Company itself. The Company currently has no ordinary shares in treasury.

The minimum price, exclusive of expenses, which may be paid for an ordinary share is €0.07. The maximum price, exclusive of expenses, which may be paid for an ordinary share is the higher of: (i) an amount equal to 5% above the average market value for an ordinary share for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the purchase; and (ii) the higher of the price of the last independent trade and the highest current independent bid on the trading venues where the purchase is carried out.

The Company has no warrants in issue in relation to its shares and no options to subscribe for its shares outstanding.

The authority will expire at the earlier of the close of business on August 23, 2018, and the end of the AGM of the Company to be held in 2018.

NOTE TO RESOLUTION 21
Shareholder Resolution
Resolution 21 is a special resolution and has been requisitioned by a group of shareholders. It should be read together with their statement in support of their proposed resolution as it provides more detail on the breadth of actions such resolution would require of the Company. The shareholder resolution and supporting statement is given on page 6 and the Directors’ response is given on pages 7 and 8.

Your Directors consider that Resolutions 1 to 20 are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole and unanimously recommend that you vote in favour of Resolutions 1 to 20. However, they consider that Resolution 21 is not in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole and unanimously recommend that you vote against Resolution 21 given its detrimental impact on the Company.
Resolution 4
Catherine Hughes
Non-executive Director [A]

Born September 13, 1962. Catherine Hughes is a Canadian and French dual national and has more than 30 years of experience in the oil and gas industry.

She served as Executive Vice President International at Nexen Inc. from January 2012 until her retirement in April 2013, where she was responsible for all oil and gas activities including exploration, production, development and project activities outside of Canada. She originally joined Nexen in 2009 where she served as Vice President, Operational Services, Technology and Human Resources. Prior to joining Nexen Inc. she was Vice President Oil Sands at Husky Oil from 2007 to 2009 and Vice President, Exploration & Production Services from 2005 to 2007.

Ms Hughes started her career with Schlumberger in 1986 and held key positions in various countries including Italy, Nigeria, UK, US and France and was President of Schlumberger Canada Limited for five years based in Calgary.

She served as a Non-executive Director of Statoil from 2013 to 2015, and currently is a Non-executive Director of Precision Drilling Corp. and SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.

Ms Hughes graduated with a degree in Electrical Engineering from INSA (Institut National des Sciences Appliquees) Lyon, France. She is a Professional Engineer, as designated by the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Alberta. She is a member of the National Association of Corporate Directors and a member of the Institute of Corporate Directors.

[A] Subject to appointment at the AGM.

Resolution 5
Roberto Setubal
Non-executive Director [A]

Born October 13, 1954. Roberto Setubal is a Brazilian national and is Chief Executive Officer and Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of Itaú Unibanco Holding S.A. in Sao Paulo, Brazil. In April 2017, he will retire as Chief Executive Officer and act as Co-Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Following a brief period with Citibank in New York, he joined Itaú in 1984 where he held a variety of senior roles in individual banking, consumer credit operations and retail banking before being appointed Chief Executive Officer in 1994. Following the merger of Banco Itaú and Unibanco in 2008, he was appointed to his current position of President & Chief Executive Officer of Itaú Unibanco S.A.

Currently, he is President of the Advisory Council of the Brazilian Federation of Bank Associations, a member of the board of the International Monetary Conference (IMC), a member of the board of the Institute of International Finance (IIF), a member of the International Advisory Committee of the New York Stock Exchange, a member of the Economic and Social Development Council of the Presidency of Brazil and a member of the International Business Committee of the World Economic Forum. He also serves as President of the Fundação Itaú Social and as a member of the Instituto Itaú Cultural. Previously, he has served as a Non-executive Director of Petrobras S.A, as President of the IMC and as Vice-Chairman of the IIF.

Mr Setubal graduated with a degree in Production Engineering from the University of São Paulo, Brazil and a Master’s degree in Science Engineering from Stanford University in the United States.

[A] Subject to appointment at the AGM.
**Resolution 6**

**BEN VAN BEURDEN**
Chief Executive Officer

Born April 23, 1958. A Dutch national, appointed Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from January 2014.

He was Downstream Director from January to September 2013. Before that, he was Executive Vice President Chemicals from 2006 to 2012. In this period, he also served on the boards of a number of leading industry associations, including the International Council of Chemicals Associations and the European Chemical Industry Council. Prior to this, he held a number of operational and commercial roles in both Upstream and Downstream, including Vice President Manufacturing Excellence. He joined Shell in 1983, after graduating with a Master’s Degree in Chemical Engineering from Delft University of Technology, the Netherlands.

**Resolution 7**

**GUY ELLIOTT**
Non-executive Director


He was Chief Financial Officer of Rio Tinto plc and Rio Tinto Limited from 2002 to April 2013, and remained Senior Executive Director until he retired at the end of 2013 [A]. From 2007 to 2010, he was a Non-executive Director of Cadbury plc, serving as Chairman of its Audit Committee from 2008 to 2009 and as Senior Independent Director from 2008 to 2010, and from July 2013 to 2016 he was a Non-executive Director of SABMiller plc, serving as Deputy Chairman and Senior Independent Director from December 2013 to 2016.

He is a member of the UK Takeover Panel and Chairman of the Code Committee of the Panel.


**Resolution 8**

**EULEEN GOH**
Non-executive Director


She is a chartered accountant and also has professional qualifications in banking and taxation. She held various senior management positions with Standard Chartered Bank and was Chief Executive Officer of Standard Chartered Bank, Singapore, from 2001 until 2006.

She has also held non-executive appointments on various boards including Aviva plc, MediaCorp Pte Limited, Singapore Airlines Limited, Singapore Exchange Limited, Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad and Standard Chartered Bank Thai pcl. She was previously Non-executive Chairman of the Singapore International Foundation and Chairman of International Enterprise Singapore and the Accounting Standards Council, Singapore.

She is Chairman of SATS Limited, a Non-executive Director of Capitaland Limited, DBS Bank Limited and DBS Group Holdings Limited and a Trustee of the Singapore Institute of International Affairs Endowment Fund and the Temasek Trust. She is also a Non-executive Director of Singapore Health Services Pte Limited, a not-for-profit organisation.

**Resolution 9**

**CHARLES O. HOLLIDAY**
Chair

Born March 9, 1948. A US national, appointed Chair of the Company with effect from May 2015, having previously served as a Non-executive Director since September 2010.

He was Chief Executive Officer of DuPont from 1998 to 2009 and Chairman from 1999 to 2009. He joined DuPont in 1970 after receiving a B.S. in industrial engineering from the University of Tennessee and held various manufacturing and business assignments, including a sixyear, Tokyo-based posting as President of DuPont Asia/Pacific. He has previously served as Chairman of the Bank of America Corporation, The Business Council, Catalyst, the National Academy of Engineering, the Society of Chemical Industry – American Section, the World Business Council for Sustainable Development and as a Director of Deere & Company. He is a founding member of the International Business Council.

He is a Director of HCA Holdings, Inc.
Resolution 10

GERARD KLEISTERLEE M C
Non-executive Director

Born September 28, 1946. A Dutch national, appointed a Non-executive Director of the Company with effect from November 2010.

He was President/Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Management of Koninklijke Philips N.V. from 2001 to 2011. Having joined Philips in 1974, he held several positions before being appointed as Chief Executive Officer of Philips' Components division in 1999 and Executive Vice-President of Philips in 2000. From 2010 to 2013, he was a member of the board of Directors of Dell Inc., from 2009 to 2014, he was a member of the Supervisory Board of Daimler AG and, from 2014 to 2016, he was a Non-executive Director of IBEX Global Solutions plc.

He is Chairman of Vodafone Group plc and Chairman of the Supervisory Board of ASML Holding N.V.

Resolution 11

SIR NIGEL SHEINWALD GCMG M M
Non-executive Director

Born June 26, 1953. A British national, appointed a Non-executive Director of the Company with effect from July 2012.

He was a senior British diplomat who served as British Ambassador to the USA from 2007 to 2012, before retiring from the Diplomatic Service. Prior to this, he served as Foreign Policy and Defence Adviser to the Prime Minister and Head of the Cabinet Office Defence and Overseas Secretariat. He served as British Ambassador and Permanent Representative to the European Union in Brussels from 2000 to 2003. He joined the Diplomatic Service in 1976 and served in Brussels, Washington, Moscow and in a wide range of policy roles in London.

He is a Non-executive Director of Invesco Limited and Raytheon UK, a Senior Adviser to the Universal Music Group and a Visiting Professor and Council Member of King's College, London.

Resolution 12

LINDA G. STUNTZ M M
Non-executive Director


She is a founding partner of the law firm of Stuntz, Davis & Staffier, P.C., based in Washington, DC. Her law practice includes energy and environmental regulation, as well as matters relating to government support of technology development and transfer. She was a member of the US Secretary of Energy Advisory Board from 2015 to January 2017, she chaired the Electricity Advisory Committee to the US Department of Energy from 2008 to 2009, and was a member of the board of Directors of Schlumberger Limited from 1993 to 2010 and Raytheon Company from 2004 to 2015. From 1989 to 1993, she held senior policy positions at the US Department of Energy, including Deputy Secretary. She played a principal role in the development and enactment of the Energy Policy Act of 1992. From 1981 to 1987, she was an Associate Minority Counsel and Minority Counsel to the Energy and Commerce Committee of the US House of Representatives.

She is a Director of Edison International.

Resolution 13

JESSICA UHL Chief Financial Officer [A]


She was Executive Vice President Finance for the Integrated Gas business from January 2016 to March 2017. Previously, she was Executive Vice President Finance for Upstream Americas from 2014 to 2015, Vice President Finance for Upstream Americas Unconventionals from 2013 to 2014, Vice President Controller for Upstream and Projects & Technology from 2010 to 2012, Vice President Finance for the global Lubricants business from 2009 to 2010, and Head of External Reporting from 2007 to 2009. She joined Shell in 2004 in finance and business development, supporting the Renewables business.

Prior to joining Shell, she worked for Enron in the USA and Panama from 1997 to 2003 and for Citibank in San Francisco, USA from 1990 to 1996. She obtained an MBA at INSEAD in 1997.

Resolution 14

HANS WIJERS
Deputy Chairman and Senior Independent Director

Born January 11, 1951. A Dutch national, appointed a Non-executive Director of the Company with effect from January 2009.

He was Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Management of AkzoNobel N.V. from 2003 to 2012, having become a Board member in 2002. From 1999 to 2002, he was Senior Partner at The Boston Consulting Group. He was Minister of Economic Affairs of the Netherlands from 1994 to 1998, and was previously Managing Partner of The Boston Consulting Group. He obtained a PhD in economics from Erasmus University Rotterdam while teaching there. From 2012 to 2016 he was Chairman of the Supervisory Board of AFC Ajax N.V. and from 2013 to 2016 he was a Non-executive Director of GlaxoSmithKline plc.

He is Chairman of the Supervisory Board of Heineken N.V., a member of the Supervisory Board of HAL Holding N.V. and a trustee of various charities.

Resolution 15

GERRIT ZALM
Non-executive Director

Born May 6, 1952. A Dutch national, appointed a Non-executive Director of the Company with effect from January 2013.

He was an adviser to PricewaterhouseCoopers during 2007, Chairman of the trustees of the International Accounting Standards Board from 2007 to 2010, an adviser to Permira from 2007 to 2008, Chief Economist from July 2007 to January 2008, and Chief Financial Officer from January 2008 to December 2008 of DSB Bank, and Chairman of the Managing Board of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. from 2010 to 2016. He was Minister of Finance of the Netherlands twice, from 1994 to 2002 and from 2003 to 2007. In between, he was Chairman of the parliamentary party of the VVD. Prior to 1994, he was head of the Netherlands Bureau for Economic Policy Analysis, a professor at Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam and held various positions at the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Economic Affairs. He studied General Economics at Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam and received an Honorary Doctorate in Economics from that university.
1. ATTENDANCE AND APPOINTMENT OF A PROXY

If you wish to attend the AGM or appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote on your behalf, please see the relevant section below depending on the way you hold your shares.

There are several ways in which Royal Dutch Shell plc ordinary shares or an interest in those shares can be held. These include:

- directly as registered shares in certificated or uncertificated form in a shareholder’s own name;
- through the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee;
- indirectly through Euroclear Nederland (via banks or brokers); or
- as a direct or indirect holder of either A or B American Depositary Shares (ADSs) with the Depositary (The Bank of New York Mellon).

Any person to whom this Notice is sent who is a person that has been nominated under Section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 to enjoy information rights ("nominated persons") does not have a right to appoint a proxy. However, a nominated person may, under an agreement with the registered shareholder by whom he or she was nominated, have a right to be appointed (or to have someone else appointed) as a proxy for the AGM. Alternatively, if a nominated person does not have such a right, or does not wish to exercise it, he or she may have a right under any such agreement to give instructions to the registered shareholder as to the exercise of voting rights.

Shareholders with registered shares in their own name or holding their shares through the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee

- Registered holders of shares or shareholders who hold their shares in the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee, or their duly appointed representatives, are entitled to attend, speak and vote at the AGM.

- Entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM will be determined by reference to the Company’s Register of Members. In order to attend and vote at the AGM, a person must be entered on the Register of Members or the register of the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee no later than 19:30 (Dutch time), 18:30 (UK time) on Friday May 19, 2017. A shareholder’s voting entitlement will depend on the number of shares held at that time. If the AGM is adjourned, such entitlement is determined by reference to the Register of Members or the register of the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee at 19:30 (Dutch time), 18:30 (UK time), two working days before the date of the adjourned AGM.

- A shareholder is entitled to appoint a proxy to exercise all or any of their rights to attend and to speak and vote on their behalf at the AGM. A shareholder may appoint more than one proxy in relation to the AGM, provided each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by that shareholder. A proxy need not also be a shareholder. Proxy Forms and Voting Instruction Forms must reach the Company’s Registrar no later than 18:00 (Dutch time), 17:00 (UK time) on Friday May 19, 2017. It is also possible to vote or register a proxy appointment electronically as explained below. Shareholders who have completed a Proxy Form or Voting Instruction Form may still attend the AGM and vote in person should they wish to do so, but they are requested to bring the Admittance Card with them to the AGM.

- If a shareholder wishes to appoint multiple proxies, he or she should contact the Registrar on 0800 169 1679 (UK) or +44 (0) 121 415 7073 to obtain an additional Proxy Form or, in the case of a participant in the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee, a Voting Instruction Form. Alternatively, the shareholder may photocopy his or her Proxy Form or Voting Instruction Form. It will be necessary for the shareholder to indicate on each separate Proxy Form, or Voting Instruction Form, the number of shares in relation to which each proxy is authorised to act. If a shareholder appoints more than one proxy, he or she must ensure that no more than one proxy is appointed in relation to any share.

- If a shareholder does not specify how he or she wants the proxy to vote on the particular resolutions, the proxy may vote or abstain as he or she sees fit. A proxy may also vote or abstain as he or she sees fit on any other business which properly comes before the AGM.

- If shares are held through the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee and no voting instructions are received or specified, the Corporate Nominee will not cast the votes attached to such shares.

- If two or more shareholders jointly hold shares in the Company, each shareholder may attend, speak and vote at the AGM, appoint a proxy or give voting instructions. However, if more than one joint holder votes, appoints a proxy or gives voting instructions, the only vote, appointment or voting instruction which will count is the vote, appointment or voting instruction of the joint holder whose name is listed first on the register.

Shareholders holding their shares through Euroclear Nederland (via banks or brokers)

Shareholders holding their shares through Euroclear Nederland B.V. ("Euroclear") via banks and brokers are not included in the Company’s Register of Members – such shares are included in the Register of Members under the name of Euroclear.

If shareholders who hold their shares through Euroclear wish to: (i) attend the AGM; or (ii) appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote on their behalf; or (iii) give voting instructions without attending the AGM, they must instruct Euroclear accordingly. To do this, shareholders are advised to contact their bank or broker as soon as possible and advise them which of the three options they prefer. Alternatively, shareholders can choose such options electronically by accessing the website www.abnamro.com/evoting and following the online instructions. In all cases the validity of the instruction will be conditional upon ownership of the shares at no later than 18:00 (Dutch time), 17:00 (UK time) on Friday May 19, 2017. Any instruction, whether by hard copy or by electronic means, must be received by this time.

Shareholders holding their shares through Euroclear and who indicate they wish to attend the AGM will not receive an Admittance Card. They will therefore be asked to identify themselves at the AGM using a valid passport, identity card or driving licence.
Holders of American Depositary Shares (ADSs)

Registered ADS holders who wish to attend the AGM or wish to have their votes cast on their behalf should indicate accordingly on their Voting Instruction Form and return it to the Depository, The Bank of New York Mellon. Those who hold their ADSs beneficially through a bank or broker and wish to attend the AGM or have their votes cast on their behalf should contact their bank or broker as soon as possible. The Depository, The Bank of New York Mellon, can be contacted on telephone number +1 888 737 2377 (from within the USA) or +1 201 680 6825 (from outside the USA). Holders of ADSs wishing to attend the AGM will not receive an Admission Card and will therefore be asked to identify themselves at the AGM using a valid passport, identity card or driving licence.

2. CORPORATE REPRESENTATIVES

Any corporation which is a member can appoint one or more corporate representatives who may exercise on its behalf all of its powers as a member provided that they do not do so in relation to the same shares.

3. AGM WEBCAST

If you are unable to come to the AGM you can watch via the webcast which will be broadcast live at 10:00 (Dutch time), 09:00 (UK time) on the day of the AGM. Shareholders who wish to follow the AGM via the webcast should log on to www.shell.com/agm/webcast and follow the online instructions. The webcast is not interactive and it is not possible to vote or ask questions remotely.

The webcast may include the question and answer sessions with shareholders present at the AGM, as well as background shots of those present in the auditorium. We have also arranged for photographs to be taken throughout the premises for the duration of the event to be kept in the Company’s photo library. These photographs may be used in future publications online or in print. If you attend the AGM in person, you may be included in photographs or in the webcast. Please note that the photographs and broadcast footage may be transferred outside the European Economic Area.

4. ELECTRONIC PROXY APPOINTMENT

Registered shareholders and those who hold their shares through the Royal Dutch Shell Corporate Nominee who prefer to register a proxy appointment with the Registrar via the internet instead of by hard copy (sent by post or by hand) may do so by accessing the website www.sharevote.co.uk. Details of how to register an electronic proxy appointment and voting instructions are set out on the website, but please note the following:

- This method of registering proxies is an alternative to the traditional hard copy appointment of proxies, which will continue unaltered. The electronic facility is available to all shareholders and those who use it will not be disadvantaged.
- This facility provides for the electronic appointment of a proxy and not direct electronic voting. Accordingly, the person appointed as proxy will have to attend the AGM in person and vote on behalf of the shareholder.
- To register on the website www.sharevote.co.uk it will be necessary to quote the reference numbers which are set out on the top of your Proxy Form or Voting Instruction Form. These numbers are unique to the particular holding and the 2017 AGM and contain special security aspects to prevent fraudulent replication.
- In the interests of security, the reference numbers will not be reissued, so if you consider that you might want to register your proxy appointment or your voting instructions electronically after submitting the paper form, please retain a note of the Voting ID, Task ID and Shareholder Reference Number before dispatching the paper form.
- An electronic appointment of a proxy or registration of voting instructions will not be valid if sent to any address other than submission via www.sharevote.co.uk and will not be accepted if found to contain a virus.

The final time for receipt of proxies is 18:00 (Dutch time), 17:00 (UK time) on Friday May 19, 2017. You may change your appointment or voting instructions by submitting a new form in either hard copy or electronic form; however, the new form must be received by the Registrar by this final time. If two valid Proxy Forms or Voting Instruction Forms are received from the same shareholder before the relevant closing time, the one last received will be counted.

5. CREST ELECTRONIC PROXY APPOINTMENT

CREST members who wish to appoint a proxy through the CREST electronic proxy appointment service may do so for the AGM and any adjournment(s) thereof by using the procedures described in the CREST Manual. CREST personal members or other CREST sponsored members, and those CREST members who have appointed voting service provider(s), should refer to their CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s), who will be able to take the appropriate action on their behalf.

In order for a proxy appointment or instruction made using the CREST service to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a “CREST Proxy Instruction”) must be properly authenticated in accordance with Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited’s specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as described in the CREST Manual (available via www.euroclear.com). The message, regardless of whether it constitutes the appointment of a proxy or an amendment to the instruction given to a previously appointed proxy must, in order to be valid, be transmitted so as to be received by the Registrar (ID RA 19) by the latest time(s) for receipt of proxy appointments specified in this Notice. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Applications Host) from which the Registrar is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST. After this time any change of instructions to proxies appointed through CREST should be communicated to the appointee through other means.

The final time for receipt of proxies is 18:00 (Dutch time), 17:00 (UK time) on Friday May 19, 2017. You may change your appointment or voting instructions by submitting a new form in either hard copy or electronic form; however, the new form must be received by the Registrar by this final time. If two valid Proxy Forms or Voting Instruction Forms are received from the same shareholder before the relevant closing time, the one last received will be counted.

In order for a proxy appointment or instruction made using the CREST service to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a “CREST Proxy Instruction”) must be properly authenticated in accordance with Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited’s specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as described in the CREST Manual (available via www.euroclear.com). The message, regardless of whether it constitutes the appointment of a proxy or an amendment to the instruction given to a previously appointed proxy must, in order to be valid, be transmitted so as to be received by the Registrar (ID RA 19) by the latest time(s) for receipt of proxy appointments specified in this Notice. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Applications Host) from which the Registrar is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST. After this time any change of instructions to proxies appointed through CREST should be communicated to the appointee through other means.

To register on the website www.sharevote.co.uk it will be necessary to quote the reference numbers which are set out on the top of your Proxy Form or Voting Instruction Form. These numbers are unique to the particular holding and the 2017 AGM and contain special security aspects to prevent fraudulent replication.

In the interests of security, the reference numbers will not be reissued, so if you consider that you might want to register your proxy appointment or your voting instructions electronically after submitting the paper form, please retain a note of the Voting ID, Task ID and Shareholder Reference Number before dispatching the paper form.

An electronic appointment of a proxy or registration of voting instructions will not be valid if sent to any address other than submission via www.sharevote.co.uk and will not be accepted if found to contain a virus.

The final time for receipt of proxies is 18:00 (Dutch time), 17:00 (UK time) on Friday May 19, 2017. You may change your appointment or voting instructions by submitting a new form in either hard copy or electronic form; however, the new form must be received by the Registrar by this final time. If two valid Proxy Forms or Voting Instruction Forms are received from the same shareholder before the relevant closing time, the one last received will be counted.

In order for a proxy appointment or instruction made using the CREST service to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a “CREST Proxy Instruction”) must be properly authenticated in accordance with Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited’s specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as described in the CREST Manual (available via www.euroclear.com). The message, regardless of whether it constitutes the appointment of a proxy or an amendment to the instruction given to a previously appointed proxy must, in order to be valid, be transmitted so as to be received by the Registrar (ID RA 19) by the latest time(s) for receipt of proxy appointments specified in this Notice. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Applications Host) from which the Registrar is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST. After this time any change of instructions to proxies appointed through CREST should be communicated to the appointee through other means.

No special software is required in addition to internet access.
CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers, should note that Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited does not make available special procedures in CREST for any particular messages. Normal system timings and limitations will therefore apply in relation to the input of CREST Proxy Instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or, if the CREST member is a CREST personal member or sponsored member or has appointed a voting service provider(s), to procure that his CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s) take(s) such action as shall be necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by any particular time. In this regard, CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers, are referred in particular to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning practical limitations of the CREST system and timings.

The Company may treat as invalid a CREST Proxy Instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 3.5.5(a) of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001.

6. AUDIT CONCERNS
Under Section 527 of the Companies Act 2006 shareholders meeting the threshold requirements set out in that section have the right to require the Company to publish on a website a statement setting out any matter relating to: (i) the audit of the Company’s accounts (including the Auditor’s report and the conduct of the audit) that are to be laid before the AGM; or (ii) any circumstance connected with an auditor of the Company ceasing to hold office since the previous meeting at which annual accounts and reports were laid in accordance with Section 437 of the Companies Act 2006. The Company may not require the shareholders requesting any such website publication to pay its expenses in complying with Sections 527 or 528 of the Companies Act 2006. Where the Company is required to place a statement on a website under Section 527 of the Companies Act 2006, it must forward the statement to the Company’s auditor no later than the time when it makes the statement available on the website. The business which may be dealt with at the AGM includes any statement that the Company has been required under Section 527 of the Companies Act 2006 to publish on a website.

7. SHAREHOLDERS’ RIGHT TO ASK QUESTIONS
Any shareholder attending the AGM has the right to ask questions. The Company must cause to be answered any such question relating to the business being dealt with at the AGM but no such answer need be given if: (i) it would interfere unduly with the preparation for the AGM or involve the disclosure of confidential information; (ii) the answer has already been given on a website in the form of an answer to a question; or (iii) it is undesirable in the interests of the Company or the good order of the AGM that the question be answered. See also “How to ask a question” on page 18.

8. SHAREHOLDERS’ RIGHTS UNDER SECTIONS 338 AND 338A OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
Under Section 338 and Section 338A of the Companies Act 2006, shareholders meeting the threshold requirements in those sections have the right to require the Company: (i) to give to shareholders of the Company entitled to receive Notice, notice of a resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the AGM; and/or (ii) to include in the business to be dealt with at the AGM any matter (other than a proposed resolution) which may be properly included in the business. A resolution may properly be moved or a matter may properly be included in the business unless (a) in the case of a resolution only it would, if passed, be ineffective (whether by reason of inconsistency with any enactment or the company’s constitution or otherwise), (b) it is defamatory of any person, or (c) it is frivolous or vexatious. Such a request may be in hard copy form or in electronic form, must identify the resolution of which notice is to be given or the matter to be included in the business, must be authenticated by the person or persons making it, must be received by the Company no later than Monday April 10, 2017, being the date six clear weeks before the AGM, and in the case of a matter to be included in the business only) must be accompanied by a statement setting out the grounds for the request.

9. ELECTRONIC PUBLICATION
A copy of this Notice, and other information required by Section 311A of the Companies Act 2006, can be found at www.shell.com/agm.

10. ELECTRONIC ADDRESSES
Shareholders may not use any electronic address in this Notice or any related documents (including the Chair’s Letter or Proxy Forms) to communicate with the Company about proceedings at the 2017 AGM or the contents of this Notice other than for expressly stated purposes.

11. SHARES AND VOTING RIGHTS
The total number of Royal Dutch Shell plc ordinary shares in issue as at March 8, 2017, is 8,174,390,544 shares (being 4,428,903,813 A shares and 3,745,486,731 B shares), and 50,000 sterling deferred shares. The A shares and the B shares carry one vote each but the sterling deferred shares have no voting rights. The Company holds no shares in treasury.

12. DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION
The following documents, which are available for inspection during normal business hours at the registered office of the Company on any weekday (public holidays excluded), will also be available for inspection at the AGM from 09:45 (Dutch time) on the day of the AGM until the conclusion of the AGM:

■ a copy of each Executive Director’s contract of service; and

■ a copy of each Non-executive Director’s letter of appointment.
LOCATION, DATE AND TIME
The AGM will be held at Circustheater, Circusstraat 4, 2586 CW The Hague, The Netherlands on Tuesday May 23, 2017 at 10:00 (Dutch time). Registration is open from 08:30 (Dutch time).

HOW TO ASK A QUESTION
There will be dedicated question points located in the main auditorium. Ushers will be available to direct you to the question points and it is suggested that you sit in these areas should you wish to raise a question.

VOTING
All resolutions for consideration at the AGM will be decided by way of a poll rather than a show of hands. This means that a shareholder has one vote for every share held. It reflects the Company’s established practice and ensures that shareholders, including shareholders who are not able to come to the AGM in person, have their votes taken into account. Poll cards will be distributed at the AGM for the purposes of voting.

REFRESHMENTS
Tea and coffee will be served before the AGM and a light lunch will be available afterwards.

HOW TO GET THERE
The nearest tram stop (called “Circustheater”) is opposite the venue. If travelling from either Den Haag Hollands Spoor (HS) or The Hague Centraal (CS) train stations, take tram 9.

AIRPORT CONNECTIONS
Rotterdam The Hague Airport [www.rotterdamthehagueairport.nl/en/] is the nearest international airport to The Hague, however, many travellers prefer to use Amsterdam Schiphol Airport [www.schiphol.nl] as it offers better public transport links.

PARKING
The car park is located at Nieuwe Parklaan.

TRAFFIC DISRUPTION
Shareholders may wish to note that there is major maintenance work being carried out on the main route Raamweg/Koningskade. This may cause significant traffic disruption and delay to your journey. For more information visit www.raamwegdenhaag.nl.

SHAREHOLDERS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS
There will be an induction loop system for those with hearing difficulties. Persons in wheelchairs should contact a member of staff on arrival. Anyone accompanying a person in need of assistance will be admitted to the AGM.

SECURITY
There will be a security check in the reception area at the venue, and a routine bag search will be undertaken for those persons wishing to take bags into the AGM. The use of electrical equipment and cameras will not be permitted during the AGM.
Dear Shareholder,

I would like to invite you to a presentation which will be held in London on Thursday May 25, 2017 (two days after the Company’s Annual General Meeting). I will chair the presentation, and will be joined by Ben van Beurden, Chief Executive Officer, Jessica Uhl, Chief Financial Officer and Linda Szymanski, Company Secretary.

While all shareholders are invited to attend, the presentation may be of particular interest to UK resident shareholders who wish to hear about the Company’s progress and have the opportunity to ask questions in person.

Yours faithfully,

Chad Holliday
Chair
Royal Dutch Shell plc

This presentation is not part of the 2017 Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Royal Dutch Shell plc.

LOCATION, DATE AND TIME
The presentation will be held at Central Hall Westminster, Storey’s Gate, Westminster, London, SW1H 9NH, United Kingdom on Thursday May 25, 2017 at 11:00 (UK time). It is scheduled to last for approximately two hours. Registration is open from 09:30 (UK time).

ADMISSION
If you wish to attend the presentation, please take your Shareholder Presentation Admittance Card with you which is attached to your AGM Proxy Form or Voting Instruction Form. If you do not have an AGM Proxy Form or Voting Instruction Form, please contact the Company’s Registrar, Equiniti on 0800 169 1679 (UK) or +44 (0)121 415 7073.

REGISTRAR
The Company’s Registrar, Equiniti, will be present to answer any questions or deal with any share registration matters.

REFRESHMENTS
Tea and coffee will be served before the presentation and a sandwich lunch will be available afterwards.

HOW TO GET THERE
Central Hall Westminster is located approximately three minutes walk from Westminster (Jubilee/District and Circle lines) and St James’s Park (District and Circle lines) Underground stations.

PARKING
There is a car park located in Medway Street just a few minutes from the venue.

SHAREHOLDERS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS
There will be an induction loop system at the meeting for those with hearing difficulties. Persons in wheelchairs should contact a member of staff on arrival. Anyone accompanying a person in need of assistance will be admitted to the presentation.

SECURITY
There will be a security check in the reception area at the venue, and a routine bag search will be undertaken for those persons wishing to take bags into the presentation. The use of electrical equipment and cameras will not be permitted during the presentation.
All our reports are available at http://reports.shell.com

Download our apps at www.shell.com/mobile_and_apps

Check our latest news @Shell

- Comprehensive financial information on our activities throughout 2016
- Detailed operational information including maps
- Report on our progress in contributing to sustainable development

- Company news
- Service-station locations

- Follow @Shell on Twitter
- www.facebook.com/shell