

Cargo Handling Sheet

Styrene Monomer

Document Date: 05 May 2023

Revision 17

Cargo Handling Sheets are for the use of vessels

chartered on behalf of Shell

Cargo Handling Sheet: Styrene Monomer Document Date: 05 May 2023 Revision 17

Product Details

Trade Name: Styrene Monomer; Circular Styrene Monomer; Renewable Styrene

Monomer; B Styrene Monomer; C Styrene Monomer; BC Styrene

Monomer

IMO Product Name: Styrene Monomer

Chemical Family: Olefins

Product Code: Q9211, Q9215, Q9257, Q9270, Q9275, Q9282, Q9280,

Q9279

SDS: http://www.shell.com/business-customers/chemicals/safe-product-handling-and-transportation/safety-data-sheets.html

Physical Properties

906 kg/m3 (20 °C / 68 °F) Density:

0.7 mPa.s (25 °C / 77 °F) Dynamic Viscosity:

670 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) Vapor Pressure:

Boiling Point: 145 °C / 293 °F

-31 °C / -24 °F Melting Point:

Flash Point: 32 °C / 90 °F

Colourless to yellowish oily liquid, Aromatic hydrocarbon odour Appearance:

Note 1: Physical Properties are for reference only and valid as of date of this revision; see loading terminal for specific properties.

Note 2: Hazard Identification: Flammable, Static Accumulator, self-reactive and inhibited, Heat Sensitive and Toxic; See SDS for full list of hazards and precautions.

Transhipments

Prior to arranging transhipment Charterer must agree to Owner's proposed plan. When arranged by the Owner, Owner must ensure that all transhipment vessels comply with the requirements

of this cargo handling sheet.

Marpol Details

Marpol Annex: Ш

IMO Ship Type: 3; must be double hull

Cargo Handling Sheet: Styrene Monomer Document Date: 05 May 2023 Revision 17

Inland Barges: Double hull

IMO Pollution Category: Y

IBC 16.2.6: No

IBC 16.2.9: No

Pre-Wash Required: No

Compatibility Group: USCG compatibility group 30

Cargo Handling Requirements

N2 Purge Cargo Tanks Prior Loading:

No; see Regional Requirements

N2 Blanket Required:

Not a Product Quality requirement; see notes

below

Adjacent Space Purge: No

Loading Temperature Range: 13 - 23 °C / 55 - 73 °F; see Regional

Requirements

Transit Temperature Range: Ambient - 30°C / 95°F

Unloading Temperature Range: Ambient - 30°C / 95°F

Maximum Heating Coil Temperature: Blanked Off

Maximum Adjacent Temperature: 35°C / 95°F (heated cargoes not allowed)

This cargo has an IBC Code 16.6.1 notation and shall not be exposed to excessive heat to avoid initiating a reaction. For this purpose,

- Be loaded and carried adequately segregated from adjacent spaces with temperature exceeding 35°C / 95°F. Adjacent spaces include but not limited to, adjacent cargo tanks, void spaces, cofferdams, pumprooms, slop tanks, water tanks and these spaces shall not be heated.
- Corner-to-Corner tanks must not be heated exceeding 35°C
- Owner's stowage should take into consideration that one tank separation to a heated cargo may not be sufficient, stowage should be such that at no time its adjacent space temperature exceeds 35°C
- This cargo shall not be carried in deck tanks
- After cargo operations cargo deck lines should be drained empty

Note 1: Styrene Monomer (SM) is generally inhibited with Para-tertiary Butyl Catechol (p-TBC), typically at10-15 ppm or more, depending on duration of voyage. If onboard dosing is to be carried out, a written dosing plan should be agreed upon by the cargo surveyor and Master, to ensure that all SM tanks are dosed with the required amount of inhibitor. Onboard dosing should be done using closed method.

Cargo Handling Sheet: Styrene Monomer Document Date: 05 May 2023 Revision 17

Note 2: p-TBC is oxygen-dependent, and vessels shall comply with IBC code 15.13.5, only Nitrogen is acceptable as inerting medium. At no time O_2 level shall fall below 4% in the vapour space.

Note 3: a. **DAILY LOG:** During the voyage the vessel shall record following data. Upon completion of unloading or when requested, the vessel shall provide following to responsible Shell Charterer.

- SM tank(s) temperatures (at least twice a day, at least 8 hours apart).
- adjacent space (empty or full) temperature (at least twice a day, at least 8 hours apart).
- air and sea water temperatures (at least daily).
- oxygen content in vapour space of SM tanks (at least daily).

b. **Notification:** If during the voyage any of the following is observed in any SM tanks, the responsible Shell Charterer shall be notified immediately:

- ≥ 1 °C rise of cargo temperature per day, over 3 consecutive days.
- ≥ 2 °C rise of temperature within any 24 hours.
- Cargo temperature at any level raises above > 30°C.
- O₂ content in any tank vapour space ≤4%.
- adjacent spaces (empty or full) temperature > 35°C

Note 4: Inhibitor (p-TBC) tends to sink to the bottom over time. For carriage longer than one week vessel shall recirculate styrene twice a week to minimise build-up of polymers, minimise localized heating and facilitate suspension of p-TBC in tanks.

Note 5: Due to risk of polymerization, Styrene should not be carried in tanks serviced by a cargo pump room.

Regional Requirements

Note 1: Shell Moerdijk: loading temperature is ambient and generally ranges between 5 – 30 °C / 41 - 86 °F.

Note 2: Shell Seraya: shore tank temperatures are maintained at $13 - 14 \,^{\circ}\text{C} / 55 - 57 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$. Loading temperatures are generally between $17 - 23 \,^{\circ}\text{C} / 63 - 73 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$.

Note 3: US Barge: Coatings – Stainless Steel, Mild Steel, Zinc, Epoxy (refer Tank Acceptance Requirements); N2 not required.

Tank Acceptance Requirements

All nominated shipboard cargo handling systems are to be presented clean (residual free), dry, odour free, rust free, with good gaskets, fit to load this cargo.

Maintenance of heating coils is to be verified in the ship's log. If product is to be heated, heating coils are to be confirmed leak free. If product is not heated, heating coils are to be blown clear and dried with N2, and blanked off.

Stainless Steel or Coated Tank: Either

Note 1: Vessels offered for loading into coated tanks:

- Carrier to verify suitability of coating
- For newly coated tanks, either partially or fully recoated, the tanks must have carried 3 or more cargoes for a total of >90days at >90% full.
- Tank Coating Condition Questionnaire submitted to Charterers for review prior to fixing a coated vessel.
- Coated tanks to be in very good condition with minimal blistering or breakdown, < 0.5% total tank area.

- All blisters to be scraped to hard coating
- All defects to be noted in Survey Report
- Pipelines and fittings to be stainless steel

Banned Prior Cargo:

| 1 of Last 2 Prior Cargoes | Stainless Steel | Coated Tanks | Interline 9001 & MarineLINE 784 |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| Benzene, and Mixtures containing > 0.1% benzene | Accepted | Banned Prior | Accepted |
| Strong Acids and Bases | Accepted | Banned Prior | Banned Prior |
| Dyed CPP, due to azo compounds | Accepted | Banned Prior | Banned Prior |
| Heavy fuel oils, DPP etc. | Accepted | Banned Prior | Banned Prior |
| Lube Oils | Accepted | Banned Prior | Accepted |

Separation from cargoes which can cause a hazardous reaction or initiate self-polymerization:

Products in USCG Compatibility Group 0, 1, 2, 3, 5 could either react in a hazardous manner or initiate a self-polymerisation of styrene monomer. When carrying such cargoes there should be an adequate separation from the containment system for styrene monomer with two or more barriers. Ref USCG, Code of Federal Regulations 46, Part § 150 for clarification on two barriers.

Wall Wash Required: Yes; all conducted with Methanol except PH test, which uses DI water Coated Tanks: WWT conducted by cargo surveyor.

Stainless Steel Tanks: verification of shipboard WWT may be accepted if below specs are met. (Send WWT Verification to the responsible Shell charterer and present to cargo surveyor and loading master at loading terminal.)

Wall Wash Test:SpecificationStandardHydrocarbonsPassASTM D1722ChloridesMax 1.0 ppmIMPCA 002-98

Additional WWT for Coated Tanks if Prior Cargo is:

Wall Wash Test: Specification Standard Prior Cargo Acrylate **PPT** > 30 minutes **ASTM D1363** 100 ppm Oils, Waxes, Veg Oils, Fame NVM **ASTM D1353** Acids, Alkalis PH Test 6.9 - 7.1ASTM E70

Link to: WWT Verification Form

Link to: Styrene Monomer Safe handling Guide

Safety Information and Incident Reporting

Safety Information: Refer the SDS (Safety Data Sheet) or e-SDS.

Incident Reporting: All incidents should be reported in accordance with regulations and charter party requirements.

For additional marine cargo handling advice or information, contact the regional Chemical Marine Technical Advisor.



Shell Trading (US) Company
P. O. BOX 4604
Houston,
TX 77210-4604 USA

Disclaime

The information contained in this publication is, to the best of our knowledge, true and accurate, but any recommendations or suggestions that may be made are without guarantee, since the conditions of use are beyond our control. Furthermore, nothing contained herein shall be construed as a recommendation to use any product in conflict with existing patents covering any material or its use.

Shell

The expression "Shell" refers to the companies of the Shell Group of companies that are engaged in the chemical businesses. Each of the companies that make up the Shell Group of companies is an independent entity and has its own separate identity.