

## Realizing Performance Benefits Through Alcohol-Based Surfactant Optimization

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### Introduction

- A wide range of technical and economic criteria are considered when selecting surfactants for consumer cleaning products.
- Key surfactant properties that influence performance include:
  - Solubility
  - Hard water tolerance
  - Emulsification and detergency
- Different surfactants may be used to address market trends, such as liquid formulations and lower temperature laundry. Common surfactants include:
  - Anionic: alcohol sulfate (AS), alcohol ethoxysulfate (AES), linear alkylbenzene sulfonate (LAS)
  - Nonionic: alcohol ethoxylate
- Synergies between these surfactants can offer new formulation options, in both laundry and hand dish products.

### Surfactant Physical Properties Influence Performance: Mixed Surfactant Systems Provide Opportunities – (I)

Anionic	Krafft Temp. (°C)	Hardness tolerance (ppm Ca <sup>2+</sup> )
LAS	0 - 5	100 -150
AS 1215	20 – 30	50 - 150
AE 1213-2S	< 5	>1000
AE 1215-3S	< 5	>1000

#### Krafft Temperature:

- Lower values give improved low temperature storage and reduced need for hydrotropes
  - AES has benefits

#### Hard water tolerance:

- Exhibited as precipitation with divalent ions
  - LAS and AS are similar and relatively poor (low ppm Ca ions)
  - AES gives substantial improvements

## Surfactant Physical Properties Influence Performance: Mixed Surfactant Systems Provide Opportunities – (II)

Nonionic	Cloud Point (°C)	Pour Point (°C)
AE 1213-6.5	41	15
AE 1215-7	49	20

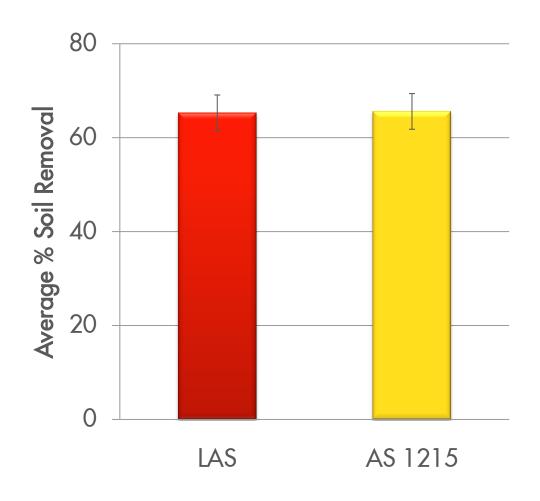
#### Alcohol ethoxylate properties:

- Good oily soil detergency
- Suitable cloud points for effective cleaning, particularly in the presence of monovalent electrolytes
- Outstanding tolerance to divalent ions (hard water)

Nomenclature				
Name	Hydrophobe	Average EO		
AE 1213-2S	C12, C13	2		
AS 1215	C12, C13, C14, C15	0		

These alcohol based surfactants are based on modified OXO alcohols, which contain ~20% 2-alkyl branching.

# Alcohol Sulfates Give Comparable Soil Removal to LAS in Prototype Heavy Duty Powders



Component	%w
Anionic	20
Nonionic	1
Zeolite	28
Carbonate	25
Silicate	7
Sulfate	20

Anionic: LAS or AS

Dosage: 1 g/L

Wash : 35 °C

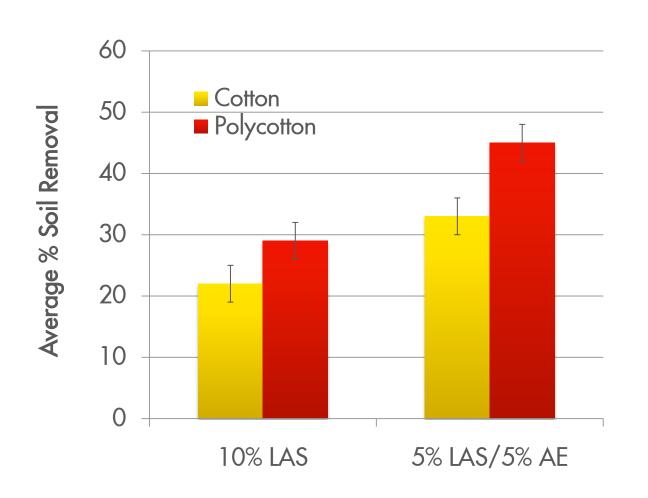
Hardness: 100 ppm

Soil: Radiolabeled synthetic sweat on

polycotton fabric

Method: Radiotracer method, published by Shell, shown to correlate with dustsebum soil measured by reflectance

# Alcohol Ethoxylates Combined with LAS Boost Liquid Laundry Performance at Low Temperature



Total surfactant: 10%

Anionic: LAS

Nonionic: AE 1215-7

Dosage: 3 g/L

Wash: 20 °C

Hardness: 150 ppm

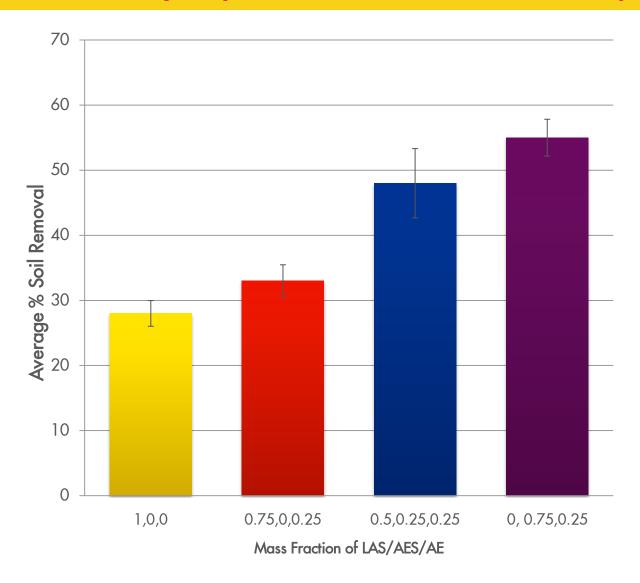
Other: 5% citrate, 5% TEA

Soils: Dust sebum

Fabrics: Cotton and polycotton

Method: Reflectance

# Ethoxylated Surfactant Mixtures Give Options for Boosting Laundry Liquid Performance at Low Temperature



Total surfactant: 15%

Anionic: LAS, AE 1213-2S

Nonionic: AE 1213-6.5

Dosage: 3 g/L

Wash: 20 °C

Hardness: 150 ppm

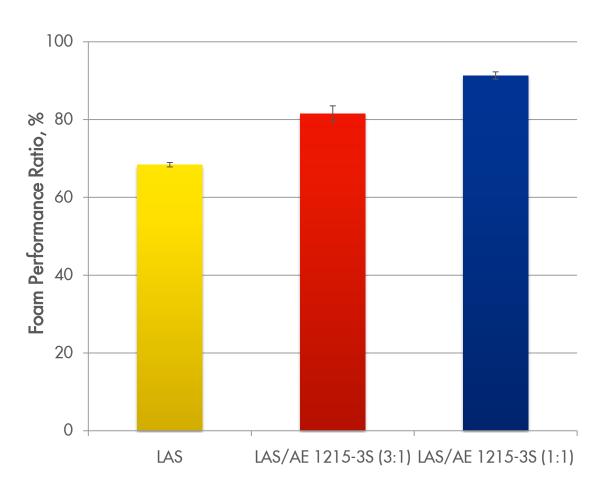
Other: 5% citrate, 5% TEA

Soil: Radiolabeled synthetic sweat on

polycotton fabric

Method: Radiotracer method, published by Shell, shown to correlate with dust-sebum soil measured by reflectance

### Mixtures of Alcohol Ethoxysulfates and LAS Demonstrate Synergy in Liquid Dish Performance



Formulation: 6% total surfactant, no foam booster

**Temperature**: 40 °C

Method: Foam persistence is observed as food soil is added to a dish wash formulation. The performance ratio is relative to a dish wash standard and reflects the capability of the formulation to emulsify soil.

### Conclusions

- Physical properties of alcohol-based surfactants enable effective cleaning at a variety of conditions, alone or in combination with LAS.
- Alcohol sulfates show comparable cleaning to LAS in prototype powder formulations.
- In liquid laundry :
  - Combining alcohol ethoxylate with LAS improves detergency performance even when total surfactant content is held constant
  - Surfactant mixtures that include alcohol ethoxylate and alcohol ethoxysulfate surfactants show formulation synergy and performance benefits
- In hand dish, mixed alcohol ethoxysulfate and LAS systems improve performance.
- In summary, surfactants based on alcohols and ethoxylated derivatives are good options for a variety of household formulations.

